

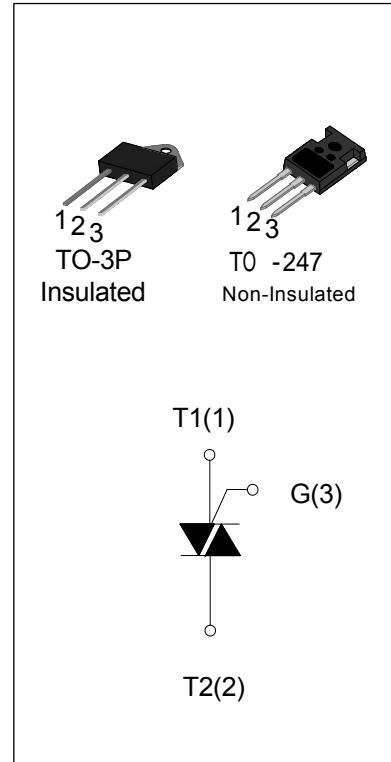
## DESCRIPTION:

With high ability to withstand the shock loading of large current, YR BTA/BTB41 series triacs provide high dv/dt rate with strong resistance to electromagnetic interface. With high commutation performances, 3 quadrants products especially recommended for use on inductive load.

From all three terminals to external heatsink, YR BTA/BTB41 provides a rated insulation voltage of 2500 Vrms, complying with UL standards .

## MAIN FEATURES

Symbol	Value	Unit
$I_{T(RMS)}$	40	A
$V_{DRM}/V_{RRM}$	600 and 800 and 1200	V



## ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

Parameter	Symbol	Value	Unit
Storage junction temperature range	$T_{stg}$	-40-150	°C
Operating junction temperature range	$T_j$	-40-125	°C
Repetitive peak off-state voltage ( $T_j=25^\circ\text{C}$ )	$V_{DRM}$	600/800/1200	V
Repetitive peak reverse voltage ( $T_j=25^\circ\text{C}$ )	$V_{RRM}$	600/800/1200	V
Non repetitive peak off-state voltage	$V_{DSM}$	$V_{DRM} + 100$	V
Non repetitive peak reverse voltage	$V_{RSM}$	$V_{RRM} + 100$	V
RMS on-state current	$I_{T(RMS)}$	40	A
Non repetitive surge peak on-state current (full cycle, $F=50\text{Hz}$ )	$I_{TSM}$	400	A
$I^2t$ value for fusing ( $t_p=10\text{ms}$ )	$I^2t$	880	$\text{A}^2\text{s}$
Critical rate of rise of on-state current ( $I_G = 2 \times I_{GT}$ )	$dI/dt$	50	$\text{A}/\mu\text{s}$

# BTA/BTB41 TRIACs

Peak gate current	I <sub>GM</sub>	4	A
Average gate power dissipation	P <sub>G(AV)</sub>	1	W
Peak gate power	P <sub>GM</sub>	10	W

## ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS ( $T_j=25^\circ\text{C}$ unless otherwise specified)

### 3 Quadrants

Symbol	Test Condition	Quadrant		Value	Unit
I <sub>GT</sub>	$V_D = 12\text{V}$ $R_L = 33\Omega$	I - II - III	MAX	50	mA
V <sub>GT</sub>		I - II - III	MAX	1.3	V
V <sub>GD</sub>	$V_D = V_{DRM}$ $T_j = 125^\circ\text{C}$ $R_L = 3.3\text{K}\Omega$	I - II - III	MIN	0.2	V
I <sub>L</sub>	$I_G = 1.2I_{GT}$	I - III	MAX	80	mA
		II		100	
	I <sub>T</sub> = 100mA		MAX	60	
dV/dt	$V_D = 2/3V_{DRM}$ Gate Open $T_j = 125^\circ\text{C}$		MIN	1500	V/ $\mu$ s

### 4 Quadrants

Symbol	Test Condition	Quadrant		Value	Unit
I <sub>GT</sub>	$V_D = 12\text{V}$ $R_L = 33\Omega$	I - II - III	MAX	50	mA
		IV		70	
V <sub>GT</sub>		ALL	MAX	1.3	V
V <sub>GD</sub>	$V_D = V_{DRM}$ $T_j = 125^\circ\text{C}$ $R_L = 3.3\text{K}\Omega$	ALL	MIN	0.2	V
I <sub>L</sub>	$I_G = 1.2I_{GT}$	I - III - IV	MAX	90	mA
		II		100	
I <sub>H</sub>	I <sub>T</sub> = 100mA		MAX	80	mA
dV/dt	$V_D = 2/3V_{DRM}$ Gate Open $T_j = 125^\circ\text{C}$		MIN	1000	V/ $\mu$ s

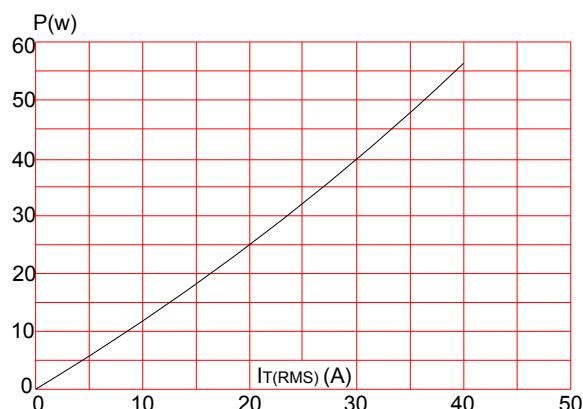
**STATIC CHARACTERISTICS**

<b>Symbol</b>	<b>Parameter</b>		<b>Value(MAX)</b>	<b>Unit</b>
$V_{TM}$	$I_{TM} = 60A$ tp=380μs	$T_j=25^\circ C$	1.5	V
$I_{DRM}$	$V_D = V_{DRM}$ $V_R = V_{RRM}$	$T_j=25^\circ C$	10	$\mu A$
$I_{RRM}$		$T_j=125^\circ C$	5	mA

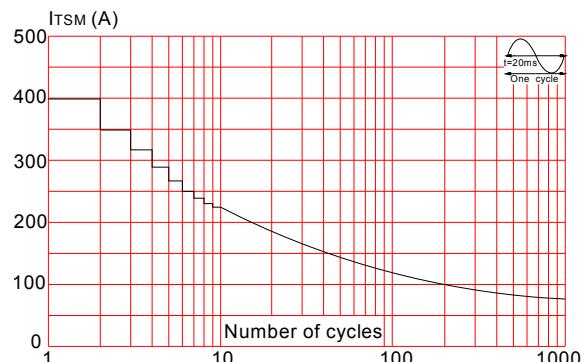
**THERMAL RESISTANCES**

<b>Symbol</b>	<b>Parameter</b>		<b>Value</b>	<b>Unit</b>
$R_{th(j-c)}$	junction to case(AC)	TO-3P(Ins)	1.1	$^\circ C/W$
		TO-247J	0.9	

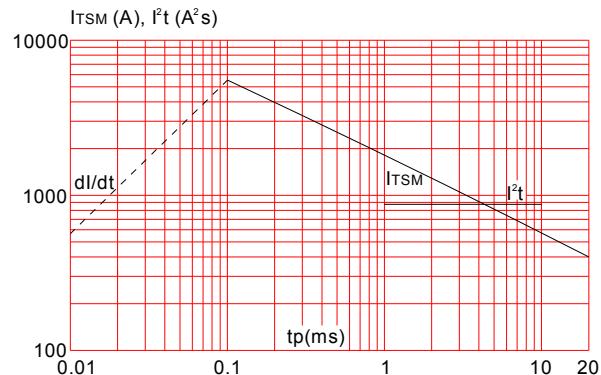
**FIG.1** Maximum power dissipation versus RMS on-state current



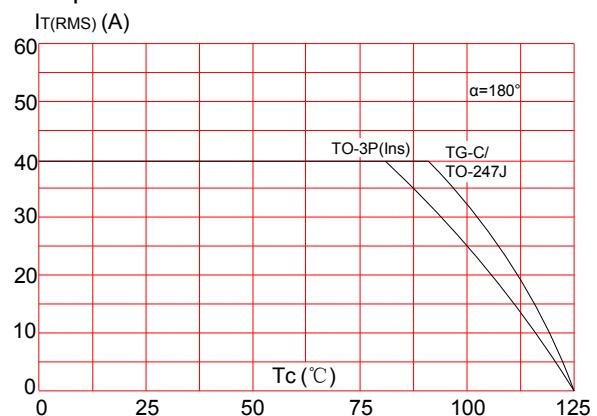
**FIG.3:** Surge peak on-state current versus number of cycles



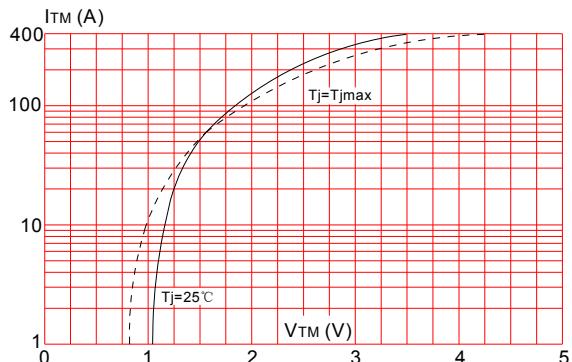
**FIG.5:** Non-repetitive surge peak on-state current for a sinusoidal pulse with width  $t_p < 20\text{ms}$ , and corresponding value of  $I^2t$  ( $dI/dt < 50\text{A}/\mu\text{s}$ )



**FIG.2:** RMS on-state current versus case temperature



**FIG.4:** On-state characteristics (maximum values)



**FIG.6:** Relative variations of gate trigger current, holding current and latching current versus junction temperature

